Date Received	Author	
3/4/19	Heal the Bay and the Los Angeles Waterkeeper	
3/4/19	2. The County of Ventura, Ventura County Watershed Protection District, City of Camarillo, City of Oxnard, Ventura County Agricultural Irrigated Lands Group, and the California Department of Transportation (Stakeholders for the Calleguas Creek Watershed Management Plan)	

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1.1	Heal the Bay	Heal the Bay is a nonprofit organization with over 15,000	Comment noted. Responses to this comment will
	and the Los	members dedicated to making the coastal waters and	be broken down in the matrix below, as each of
	Angeles	watersheds of Greater Los Angeles safe, healthy and clean. We	these numbered conclusions were addressed in
	Waterkeeper	have reviewed the following documents in regards to the	detail further along in the letter. Heal the Bay
		proposed amendments to the Water Quality Control Plan for	submitted a joint comment letter for the Malibu
		the Los Angeles Region (Basin Plan) to revise the Total	Creek Watershed Trash TMDL and the Revolon
		Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) for trash in Revolon	Slough/Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL. The
		Slough/Beardsley Wash and the Malibu Creek Watershed:	comments specifically pertaining to the Revolon
			Slough/Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL are
		• Reconsideration of the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash	addressed below and the comments pertaining to
		Trash TMDL and the Malibu Creek Watershed Trash	the Malibu Creek Watershed Trash TMDL are
		TMDL (Staff Report).	addressed in a separate response to comments
		<ul> <li>Resolution No. R18-006: Amendment to the Water</li> </ul>	document for that TMDL. Note, most of the
		Quality Control Plan for the Los Angeles Region to Revise	comments submitted by Heal the Bay and Los
		the Total Maximum Daily Load for Trash in the Malibu	Angeles Waterkeeper were responded to
		Creek Watershed (Malibu Creek Watershed Proposed	previously by the Los Angeles Water Board. Heal
		Amendment)	the Bay and Los Angeles Waterkeeper have not
		<ul> <li>Resolution No. R18-005: Amendment to the Water</li> </ul>	explained why these responses are inadequate.

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		Quality Control Plan for the Los Angeles Region to Revise the Total Maximum Daily Load for Trash in Revolon Slough and Beardsley Wash (Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Proposed Amendment).  • Comment Summary and Responses: Reconsideration of the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL and the Malibu Creek Watershed Trash TMDL (Regional Board Response to Comments).	The State Water Board is not required to consider these comments (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 23, § 3779, subd. (f).) Nonetheless, all comments are addressed in this Response to Comments in the interest of clarity.
		On behalf of Heal the Bay, we respectfully submit the following comments in response to the Staff Report, Malibu Creek Watershed Proposed Amendment, the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Proposed Amendment, and the Regional Board Response to Comments.	
		In reviewing the above listed documents, we have come to the following conclusions:	
		1. The minimum frequency of trash assessment and collection (MFAC) programs must be adaptively managed based on continuing TMRP and MFAC data to ensure that the "zero trash" objectives are maintained in the future.	
		2.We oppose the proposed amendment that requires compliance with waste load allocations (WLAs) by addressing point sources of trash only in priority land use areas. Full capture systems or equivalent programs should be installed first in priority land use areas, but must also be	

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		installed in non-priority land use areas until 100% trash	
		reduction is achieved.	
		3. There must be sufficient explanation or penalties for	
		Responsible Jurisdictions that are not in compliance with	
		TMDLs for both point and non-point sources of trash.	
		These conclusions are discussed in further detail below,	
		looking first at the Statewide Trash Amendment and its	
		implications, then at the Malibu Creek Watershed Proposed	
		Amendment, and finally at the Revolon Slough / Beardsley	
		Wash Proposed Amendment.	
1.2	Heal the Bay	The Statewide Trash Amendment	Heal the Bay previously made a similar comment
	and the Los	The Statewide Trash Amendment, adopted in April 2015,	to the Los Angeles Water Board and the Los
	Angeles	provides statewide consistency between the different Regional	Angeles Water Board responded to it. The State
	Waterkeeper	Boards for their regulatory approach to reducing trash	Water Board reviewed and agrees with the Los
		pollution in waterways1. Under the Statewide Trash	Angeles Water Board's response to Comment No. 3.3.
		Amendment, MS4 permittees are only required to address point sources within priority land use areas. This can be done	10. 5.5.
		with full capture systems, or an approved best management	Furthermore, the State Water Board notes that the
		practices (BMP) program with equivalent results. Priority land	revised Revolon Slough/Beardsley Wash Trash
		use areas are defined as high density residential, industrial,	TMDL must still meet zero trash water quality
		commercial and mixed urban areas as well as public	objectives. Addressing the high trash generation
		transportation stations.	(priority) land use areas with full capture systems
			and implementing effective MFAC/BMP
		Trash TMDLs that were in effect prior to April 2015 take	programs will meet the zero trash water quality
		precedence over this Statewide Trash Amendment. The	objectives in the Revolon Slough/Beardsley
		Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL was	Wash.
		implemented in 2007 and the Malibu Creek Watershed Trash	

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		TMDL was implemented in 2008. Any revisions made to align	
		the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL or the	
		Malibu Creek Watershed Trash TMDL with the Statewide	
		Trash Amendment must be sufficient to maintain the original	
		2007/2008 "zero trash" water quality objectives.	
1.3	Heal the Bay	Revolon Slough/Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL and	Comment noted.
	and the Los	Proposed Amendments	
	Angeles	Similar to conditions in the Malibu Creek Watershed, trash	
	Waterkeeper	pollution poses an environmental health risk to the ecosystems	
		of Revolon Slough and Beardsley Wash. Segments of these	
		waterways were placed on the CWA 303(d) list as impaired for	
		trash. The 2007 Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Trash	
		TMDL established a "zero trash" objective to protect water	
		quality and beneficial uses.	
1.4	Heal the Bay	Trash is being discharged from both priority and non-priority	Heal the Bay previously made a similar comment
	and the Los	land use areas in the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash area.	to the Los Angeles Water Board and the Los
	Angeles	The Staff Report recognizes that there is a potential for non-	Angeles Water Board responded to it. The State
	Waterkeeper	priority land use areas to discharge significant amounts of	Water Board reviewed and agrees with the Los
		trash to impaired water bodies. 1040 out 1900 catch basins	Angeles Water Board's response to Comment
		within the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash area are	No. 3.6.
		categorized as non-priority land use areas. The highest	
		amounts of trash were found at Sites 1, 3a-d and 8, which are	Furthermore, the State Water Board notes that the
		located downstream of both priority and non-priority land use	highest amounts of trash were found at Sites 1,
		areas. Non-priority land use areas must have full capture	3a-d, and 8, which are downstream of a mixture
		systems or other approved projects with an equivalent effect.	of priority and non-priority land use areas. It is
			not possible to determine how much trash may be
		The Staff Report also recognizes that there are priority land	coming from priority versus non-priority land
		use areas upstream and/or in near proximity to non-priority	uses. However, the non-priority land uses are

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		land use areas in the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash area,	likely contributing trash to Sites 1, 3a-d, and 8.
		such that trash from priority land use areas may enter MS4s in	For this reason, staff finds that the requirement
		non-priority land use areas. This may be contributing to the	for full capture systems only in priority land use
		high trash levels observed at Sites 1, 3a-d and 8. Full capture	areas is only possible as long as MFAC/BMP
		systems installed in the non-priority areas would prevent this	programs are in place in downstream waters.
		trash from entering the waterways.	
			In addition, the proposed revised Revolon
			Slough/Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL requires
			priority land use areas to be addressed with full
			capture systems, but also requires catch basins in
			non-priority areas that receive drainage from priority land use areas to be addressed with full
			capture systems.
			capture systems.
			The proposed revisions to the TMDL require
			responsible entities to submit revised TMRPs and
			MFAC/BMP programs to increase the
			frequencies and in some cases the locations of
			trash collection and assessment.
1.5	Heal the Bay	TMDL compliance is not yet being met in the Revolon	Heal the Bay previously made a similar comment
	and the Los	Slough / Beardsley Wash area. Stronger regulatory action is	to the Los Angeles Water Board and the Los
	Angeles	required, and full capture systems or equivalent programs	Angeles Water Board responded to it. The State
	Waterkeeper	should be installed in priority and non-priority land use	Water Board reviewed and agrees with the Los
		areas until 100% trash reduction is achieved, or until a	Angeles Water Board's response to Comment
		sufficient MFAC program can be demonstrated.	No. 3.10, which states:
		The 2007 Develop Clough / Decadelay Week Treet TMDI	The 2010 Venture County MS4
		The 2007 Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL requires responsible entities to comply with WLAs by	The 2010 Ventura County MS4 permit includes requirements,
		requires responsible entities to compry with weak by	permit includes requirements,

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		addressing all point sources of trash with full capture systems,	including water quality based effluent
		or an approved program with equivalent results. Full capture	limitations consistent with the
		systems have been installed in Ventura County and the City of	assumptions and requirements of the
		Camarillo. Installation of full capture systems has proven	WLAs in the Revolon
		effective in reducing trash in our waterways. BMP Programs	Slough/Beardsley Wash Trash
		have been completed in the City of Oxnard, with proposed full	TMDL. These are enforceable
		capture systems planned, pending funding.	requirements. The final compliance
			deadline for this TMDL was March 6,
		Responsible jurisdictions within Revolon Slough and	2016. The Los Angeles Water Board
		Beardsley Wash have been deemed in compliance with the	staff has been reviewing monitoring
		2007 Trash TMDL for non-point sources because zero trash is	reports for this TMDL and may
		observed following each MFAC event. However, the Staff	pursue enforcement actions, if
		Report states that, following monthly visual assessment and	appropriate.
		collection, some special collection events were necessary. The	
		MFAC program is therefore not sufficient to protect Revolon	Zero trash for nonpoint sources is
		Slough and Beardsley Wash against trash pollution. We	defined as zero trash immediately
		believe that the responsible jurisdictions should not be deemed	following each assessment and
		in compliance. Enforcement action must be taken for	collection event consistent with a
		responsible jurisdictions that do not comply with the TMDL	responsible entity's MFAC Program.
		requirements for non-point sources.	Therefore, if responsible entities are
		The Dayslan Clough / Deardsley Wesh Droposed Amendment	demonstrating zero trash following
		The Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Proposed Amendment	each collection event, then they are
		allows permittees to only install full-capture systems in high	complying with the LA. However, if a deleterious amount of trash is
		priority areas, as long as the MFAC program is sufficient. As stated above, this is not the case. In the Regional Board	accumulating between collection
		Response to Comments, staff stated that an additional	events, responsible entities must
		requirement in the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Proposed	revise their MFAC/BMP programs to
		Amendment to improve the MFAC addresses this issue.	increase collection frequencies. The
		Amenament to improve the MFAC addresses this issue.	increase conection frequencies. The

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			authorities contained in Water Code
			section 13269 to issue a waiver of
			WDRs. Water Code section 13269(e)
			mandates that the regional water
			boards require compliance with the
			conditions of a waiver of WDRs.
			Since the conditional waiver in the
			TMDL previously expired, Los
			Angeles Water Board staff will be
			proposing in the future that the Board
			adopt a nonpoint source conditional
			waiver separate from the TMDL that
			would apply to all non-point sources
			subject to a trash TMDL. A
			conditional waiver is an enforceable
			regulatory mechanism to implement
			the LAs and could require increased
			collection frequencies if trash is
			accumulating in deleterious amounts
			between collection events.
			In addition, as the Los Angeles Water Board
			stated in response to Heal the Bay's previous
			comment, if a deleterious amount of trash is
			accumulating between collection events,
			responsible entities must revise their
			MFAC/BMP programs to increase collection

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			frequencies. The revised TMDL as adopted by the Los Angeles Water Board requires responsible entities to increase the frequencies and in some cases the locations of trash collection and assessment in their TMRPs to ensure that an effective MFAC/BMP Program is in place to remove any trash potentially discharged from non-priority MS4 areas.
1.6	Heal the Bay and the Los Angeles Waterkeeper	Regional Board Proposed Amendments Regional Board staff conclude that full-capture systems installed only in priority land use areas will be sufficient as long as an effective MFAC program is established. The revised TMDL does require a revised TMRP and MFAC Program where needed.	Comment noted.
1.7	Heal the Bay and the Los Angeles Waterkeeper	Heal the Bay Recommendations An effective MFAC Program has not yet been established for the Revolon Slough / Beardsley Wash Trash TMDL as special collection events have been necessary. The potential of trash pollution between these MFAC events poses an environmental risk. Therefore, the amount of trash entering the waterways should be eliminated to the extent practicable by addressing all point sources (in priority and non-priority land) until 100% trash reduction is achieved. Full capture systems should first be installed in priority land use areas to address high volume trash discharge, but they must also be installed in non-priority land use areas to address the additional trash discharge. In	Heal the Bay previously made a similar comment to the Los Angeles Water Board and the Los Angeles Water Board responded to it. The State Water Board reviewed and agrees with the Los Angeles Water Board's response to Comment No. 3.8, which states in part:  The Los Angeles Water Board believes that with responsible entities addressing priority land use areas with full capture systems, and with effective MFAC/BMP programs being implemented downstream to

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		addition, an effective MFAC Program must be established to address any remaining trash from non-point sources.	address trash from non-priority areas, 100% trash reduction will be achieved.
1.8	Heal the Bay and the Los Angeles Waterkeeper	We oppose the proposed amendment that require[s] MS4 Permittees to comply with WLAs by addressing point sources of trash only in priority land use areas. The harmful amounts of trash accumulating between collection events, even downstream of non-priority land use areas, poses a risk to the ecosystems in Revolon Slough, Beardsley Wash and the Malibu Creek Watershed. Trash pollution must be removed to the extent practicable before it enters the waterways by addressing all point sources of discharge (in priority and non-priority land use areas). Full capture systems or equivalent programs should be installed first in priority land use areas, but must also be installed in non-priority land use areas. An effective and adaptive MFAC Program must also be established to address remaining trash from non-point sources.	Heal the Bay previously made a similar comment to the Los Angeles Water Board and the Los Angeles Water Board responded to it. The State Water Board reviewed and agrees with the Los Angeles Water Board's response to Comment No. 3.14, which states:  The Los Angeles Water Board agrees that trash poses a harmful risk to the ecosystems of Revolon Slough/Beardsley Wash and the Malibu Creek Watershed. Task 5 of Table 7-24.2b and 7-31.2b require responsible entities to revise their TMRP and MFAC/BMP programs. In areas where trash has been found to accumulate in deleterious amounts between collections, revised TMRPs and MFAC/BMP programs will be required to increase frequencies and in some cases locations. The revised TMRP and MFAC/BMP programs will address any potential discharges of trash from non-priority land uses and will ensure that trash does not end

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			up in these waterways. In addition, the minimum frequency specified in the Basin Plan amendment for Revolon Slough at Wood Road, in Beardsley Wash and Revolon Slough in areas under the jurisdiction of the County of Ventura and agricultural lands, and the Camarillo Hills drain are being increased to twice per month to clarify the expected revisions in the TMRP.
			The 2012 Los Angeles County Municipal Separate Storm Sewer (MS4) permit includes requirements, including water quality based effluent limitations consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the WLAs for trash. These requirements are enforceable.
			The proposed action to remove the nonpoint source conditional waiver and to adopt it as a separate action will ensure that there is an enforceable regulatory mechanism to implement the LAs and require increased collection frequencies and

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			locations if trash is accumulating in
			deleterious amounts between
			collection events.
			See also response to comments 1.2-1.7.
2.1	Stakeholders	The County of Ventura, Ventura County Watershed Protection	Comment noted.
	for the	District, City of Camarillo, City of Oxnard, Ventura County	
	Calleguas	Agricultural Irrigated Lands Group, and the California	
	Creek	Department of Transportation (Caltrans), as Responsible	
	Watershed	Parties to the Revolon Slough and Beardsley Wash Trash	
	Management	TMDL (Trash TMDL), are submitting this letter to express our	
	Plan	support for the proposed approval of an Amendment to the	
		Water Quality Control Plan for the Los Angeles Region to	
		Incorporate Revisions to The Revolon Slough and Beardsley	
		Wash Trash TMDL. As intended by the State Water Resources	
		Control Board, we appreciate the alignment between the Trash	
		TMDL and the Water Control Plan for Inland Surface Waters,	
		Enclosed Bays, and Estuaries of California (ISWEBE Plan)	
		and the Water Quality Control Plan for Ocean Waters of	
		California (Ocean Plan), together the "Statewide Trash	
		Amendments".	